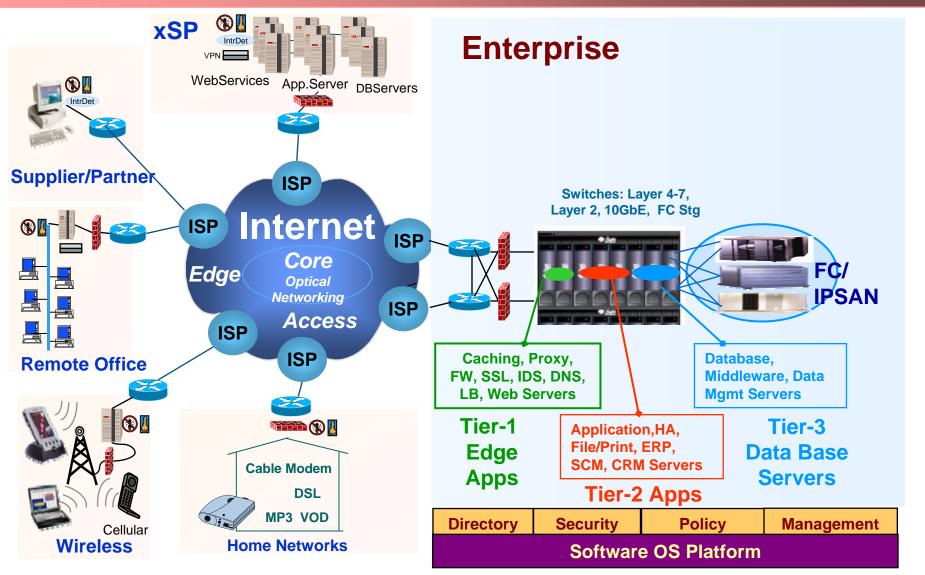
#### An Industry Report NGDC Report Series 2008



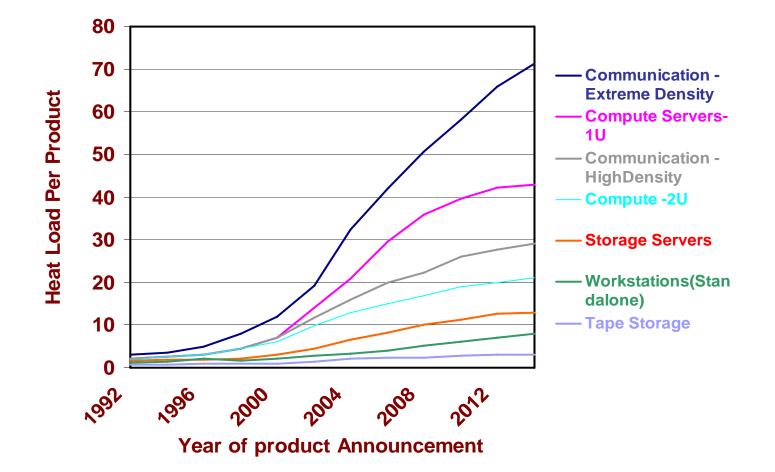
# Next Gen Datacenters: Power & Cooling





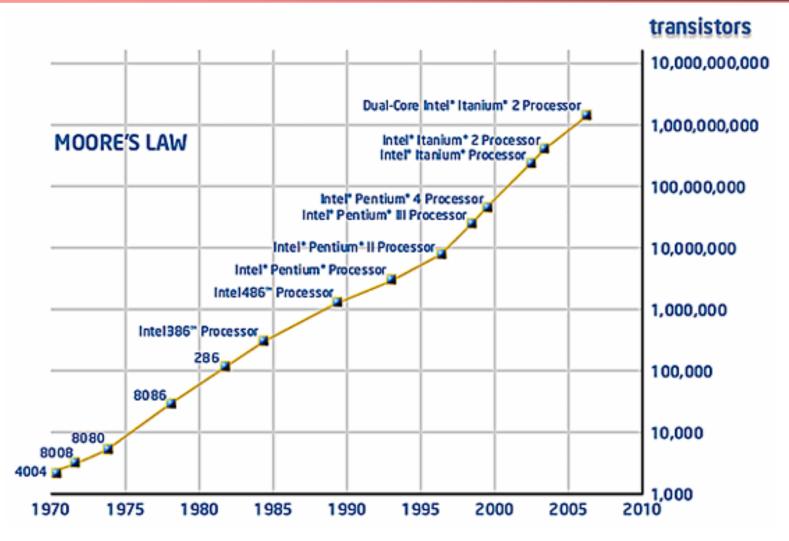












Source: Intel.com

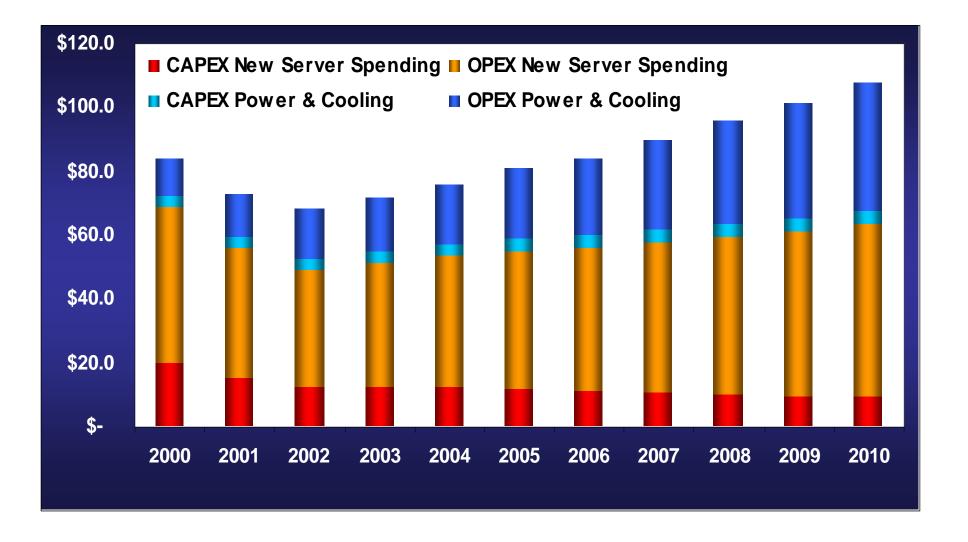


### Next-Gen Data Center - Observations

- WW, there are 5.1 million data centers (you are not alone)
- Now costs \$100-175M to build a large data center
  - ~\$1005/Sqft, \$40,000/Rack, \$2,500/Server, 2.5U
  - 82% of installed equipment (Srvr,Stg,Ntwk) has only10% utilizn.
  - For every \$1 invested in new IT infrastructure, \$7 spent to maintain
  - For every \$1 in new <u>Server spending</u>, 50c spent on <u>Power &</u> <u>Cooling</u> /2006
  - Virtual Servers growth will outstrip growth of Physical servers by 50% with an associated rise in managing virtual servers
  - Blades increasing Power/Rack by 10x Need Power/Cooling, Weight, Solutions to pursue



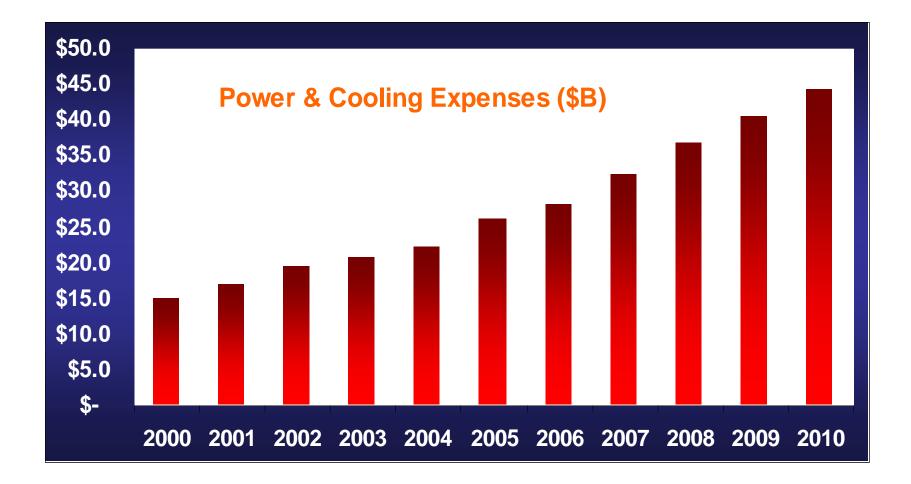
#### Power & Cooling Expenses on the Rise





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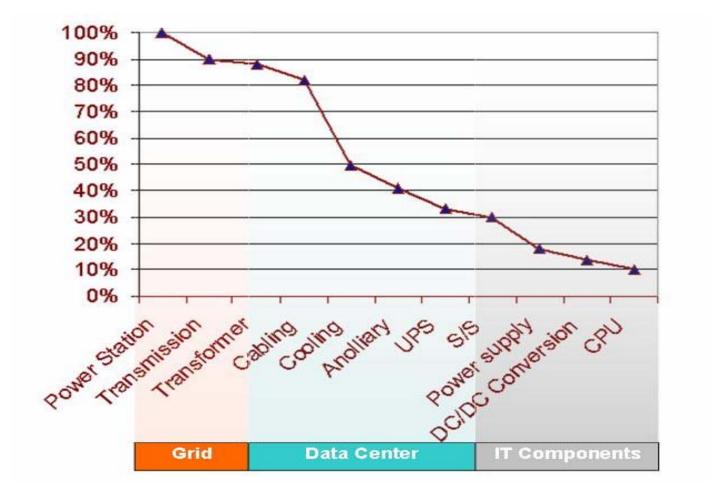






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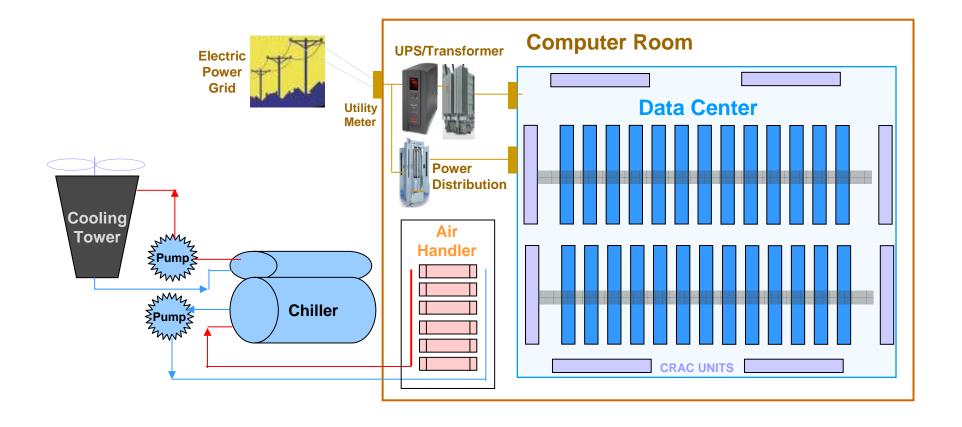






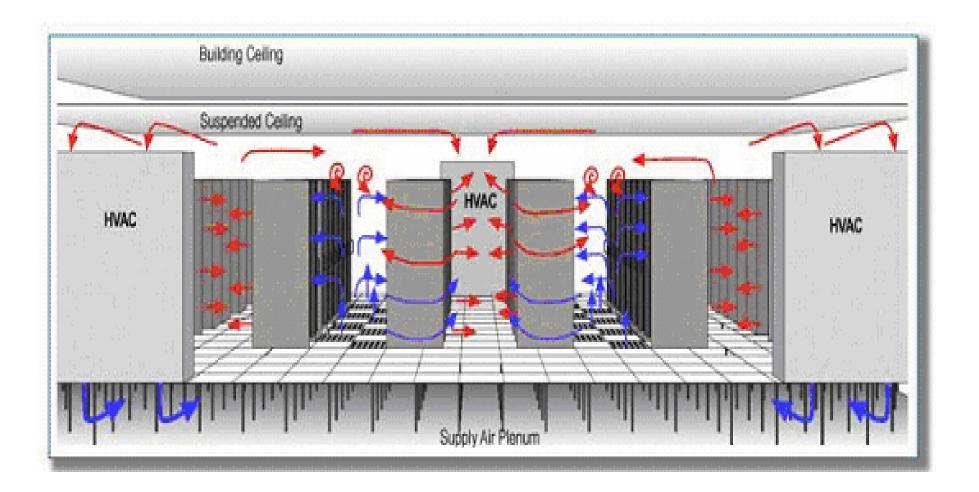
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#### **Data Center Power & Cooling Ecosystem**





#### Blanking Panels Prevent Recirculation







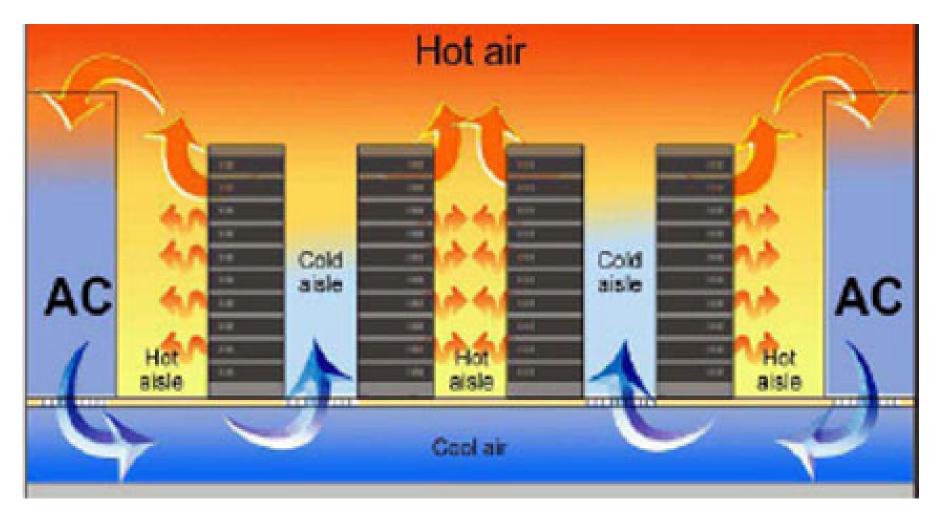
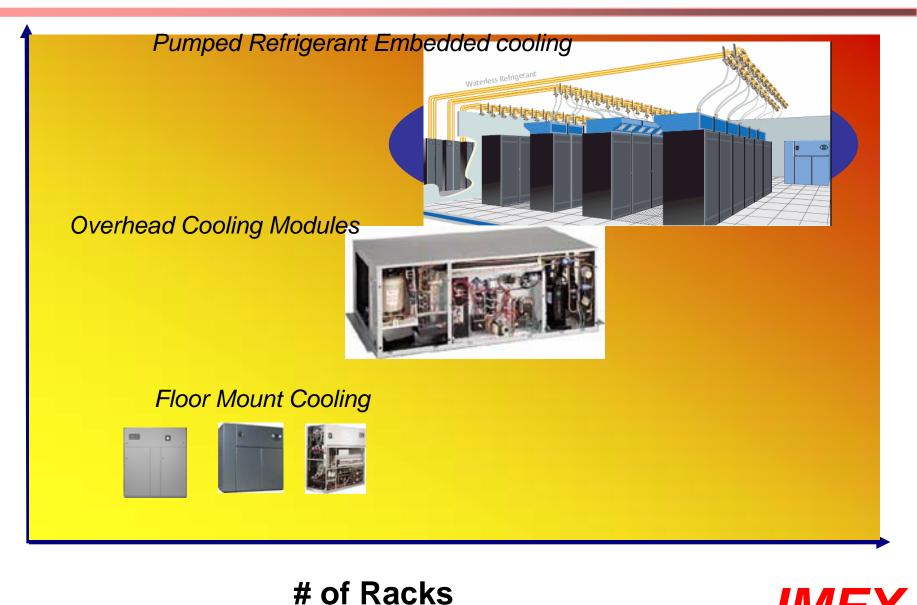


Image from "Keeping Your Data Center Cool: There is Another Way", IBM March 2005







Heat Load



Supplemental Cooling System for high-density racks

Disperse High Density Equipment amongst data center

Allocate a specific area for high density racks

Implement Virtualization Software Must accomodate data center in Advance, limited to 10kW per rack

Can cause cabling problems, must use blanking panels

Can be used only if segregating high density equipment is possible

#### Manageability of software



## **TCO Savings with Virtualization**

